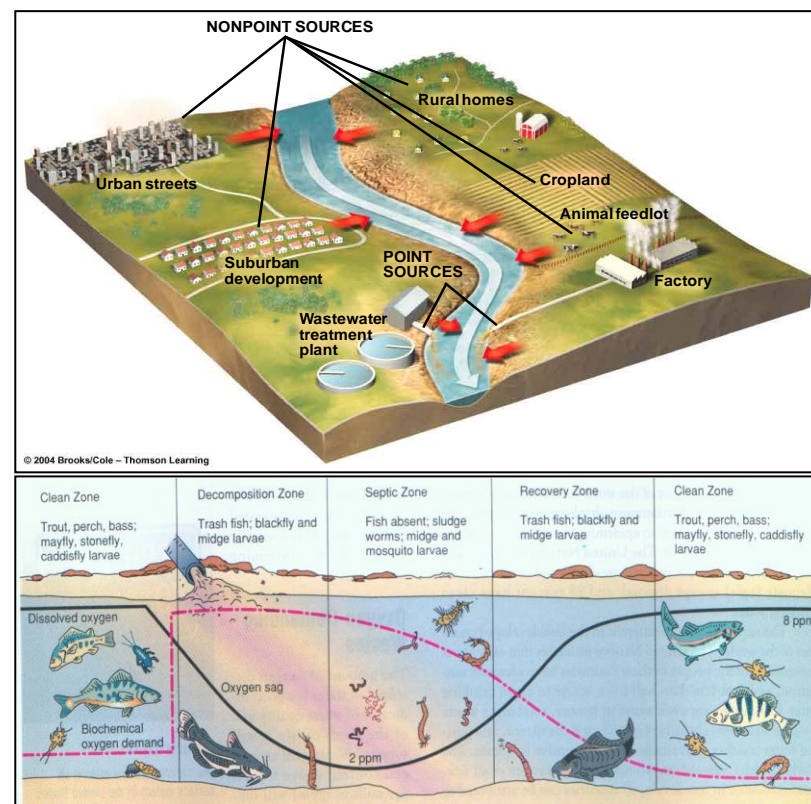


# River Basin Hydrology Modelling

## INTRODUCTION

- Great river valleys of India have shaped human civilizations throughout history by acting as a lifeline for their growth and sustenance.
- River basin modelling is essential tool in understanding various aspects that directly or indirectly effect our rivers and inland water bodies.
- Remote sensing platforms like land observation satellite imageries, DEM's are proving to be an excellent platform to model various river basins simultaneously, accurately at faster rate and in reliable way.

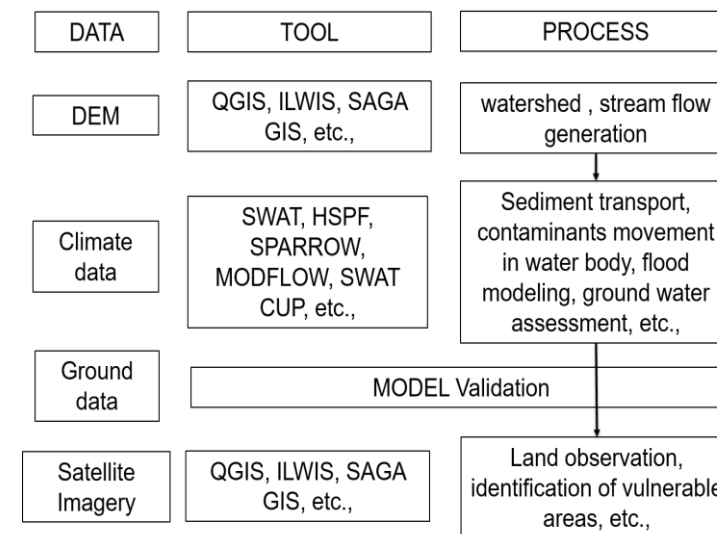


## AIM

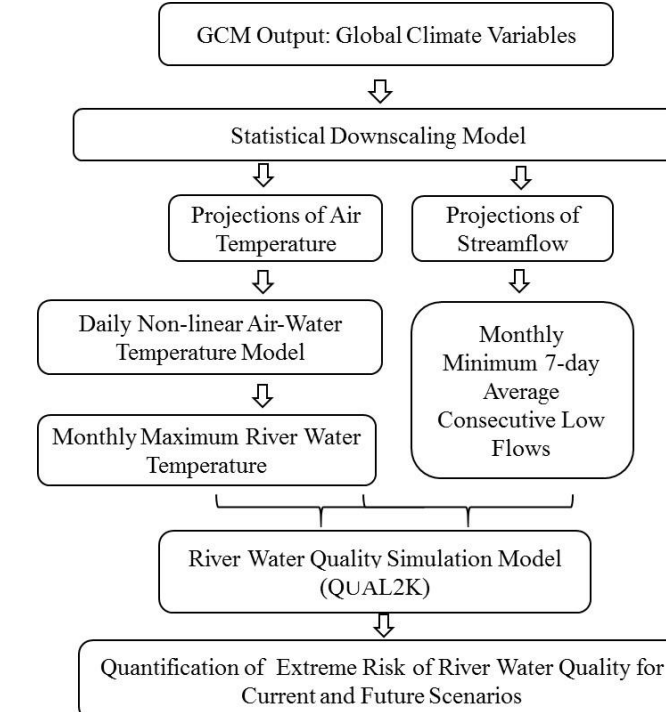
Qualitative and Quantitative hydrological modelling for large inland water bodies. Modelling future scenarios depending on current data.

## METHODS

### General Methodology



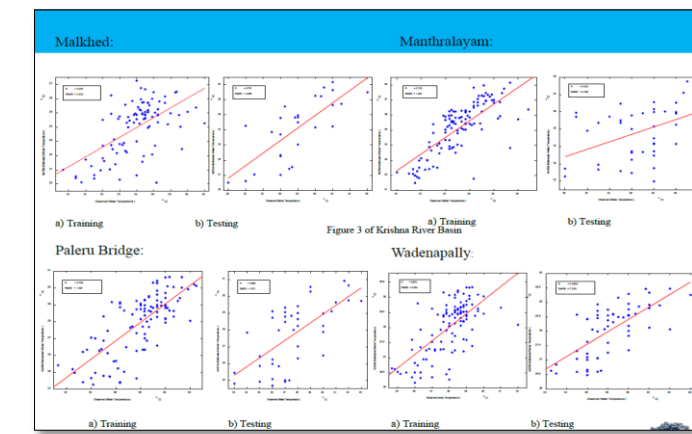
### Modeling of Extreme Risk in River Water Quality under Climate Change



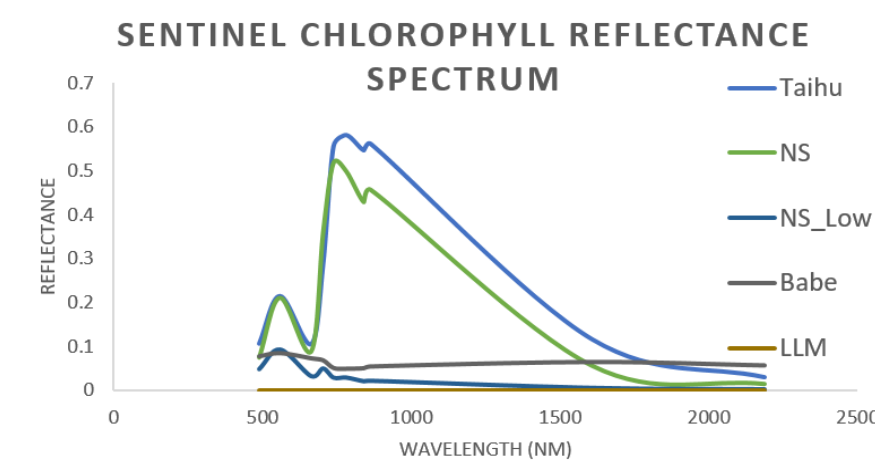
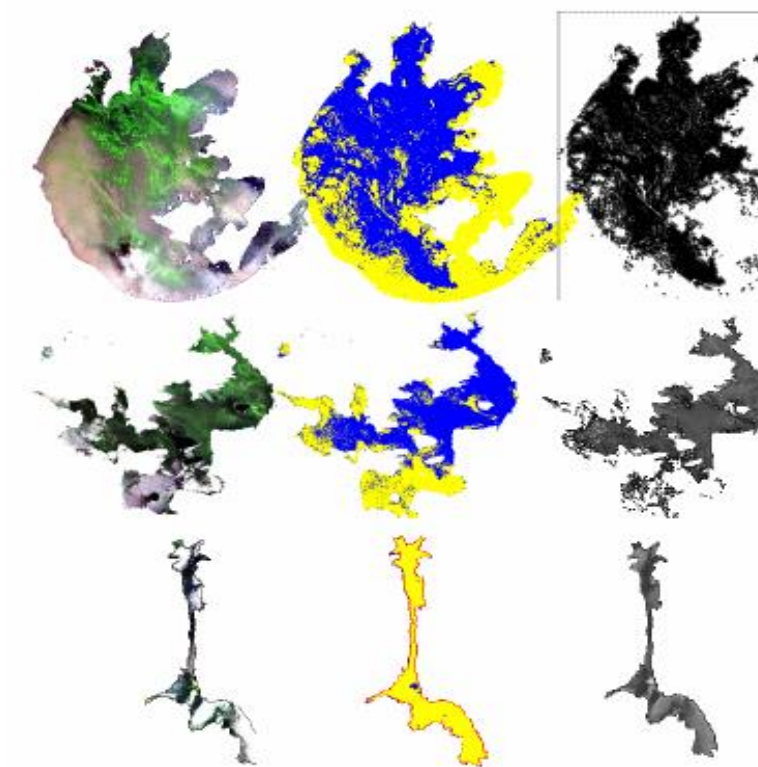
## CONCLUSIONS

- Hydrological modelling is essential for sustaining our water resources and use them efficiently.
- It also helps in assessing the exploitation of water resources both surface and underground and helps in preserving water resources for future generations.

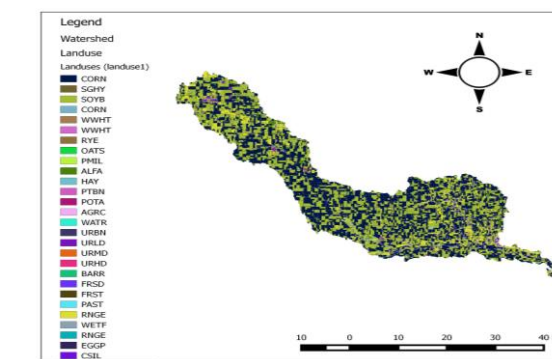
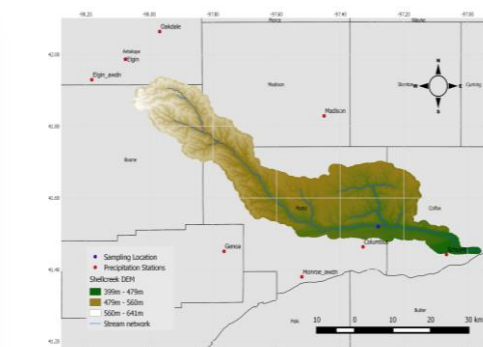
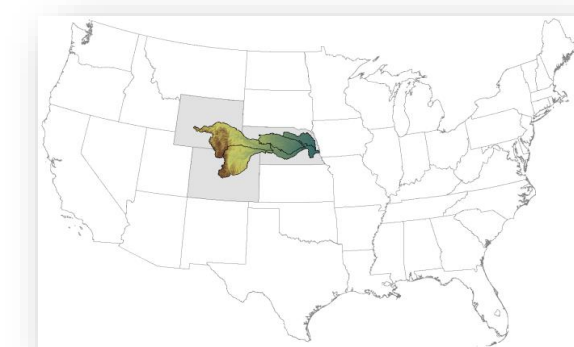
## RESULTS



Multiple Linear Regression (MLRM) model of estimated and observed river water temperature for training and testing period

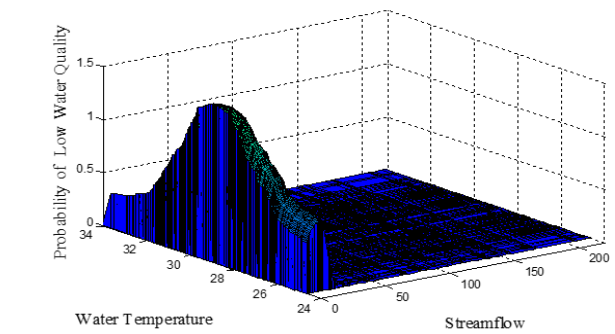
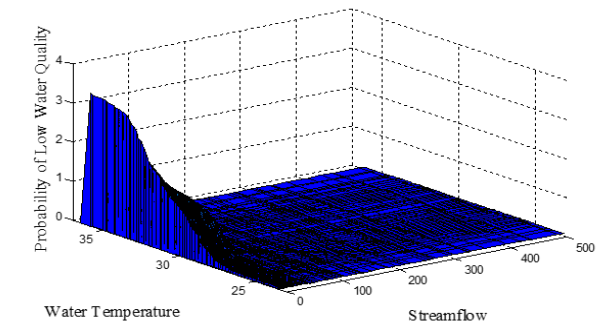
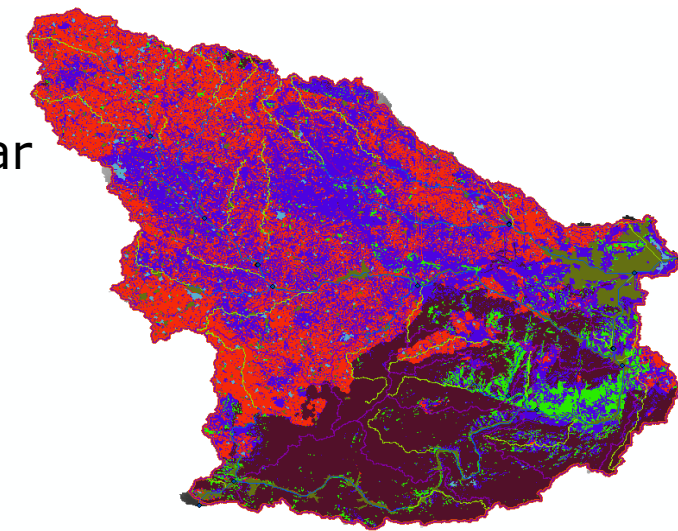


Chlorophyll -a detection in large inland water bodies. (Taihu, Nagarjuna Sagar, Ba Bae and Manasarovar lake)



Climate Change Sensitivity Assessment using SWAT for a Highly Agricultural Watershed, Shell Creek, Nebraska, USA

### Nutrient flow modelling in Nagarjuna Sagar watershed



The probability of low water quality for (a) current (1988-2005) and (b) Future Scenario (2020-2040) for Tunga-Bhadra river

