

Analysis of similar weather conditions to improve reuse in weather-based decision support systems

Introduction:

- Weather-based decision support systems (DSSs) are being build to improve the efficiency of the production systems in the domains of **health**, **agriculture**, **livestock**, **transport**, **business**, planning, governance and so on.
- About Weather: It is represented by weather parameters Rainfall (RF), Minimum Temperature (Tmin), Maximum Temperature (Tmax), Cloud cover (CC), Minimum Relative Humidity (minRH), Maximum Relative Humidity (maxRH), Wind speed (WS), Wind direction (WD) etc
- The weather-based DSS provides appropriate suggestions based on the weather condition/prediction of the given period (year/season) for the selected domain.

Table 1: Sample daily (d=1) weather values Collected from Rajendra nagar weather station, Telangana

Date	RF	Tmax	Tmin	Rhmax	Rhmin
01-01-2020	0.0	27.0	19.0	95	56
02-01-2020	10.6	28.0	20.0	91	60
03-01-2020	0.0	28.5	20.0	91	60
04-01-2020	0.0	29.0	19.0	91	63
05-01-2020	0.0	27.5	17.0	85	52

•Weather Condition: WC(d, s, e): Statistics of each weather variable for a duration 'd' from start date 's' to end date 'e'.

•Example: WC(1, 1 Jan 2020, 1 Jan 2020) is given as <0.0, 27.0, 19.0, 95.0, 56.0>

Problem:

•How to improve the performance of weather-based DSS ?

Approach: Exploit Reuse

- **Basic idea**: The advice prepared for past weather condition, **can be reused** when the similar weather condition occurs in the future.
- **Question:** How to calculate the similarity among the weather conditions?
- **Issue**: Similarity among **numerical** weather conditions is difficult.
- **Opportunity**: Apply domain-specific categories to weather variables to form form a category-based weather condition, as a different suggestion or advice is not recommended for a small change, like 0.2 degree centigrade, in temperature value, for small change, like 2 per cent, in humidity value.

Proposed Approach:

- (i) For the given domain and application, obtain Weather Category Table (WCT)
- (ii) Form Category-based Weather Conditions (CWCs) for given period.
- (iii) Extract similar CWCs by comparing the CWCs of the given period to subsequent periods.

Performance Metric:

• **Coverage percentage(CP(x/n)):** For a given period x we calculate the percentage of CWCs of x which are similar to CWCs of preceding n periods of x (n>=1).

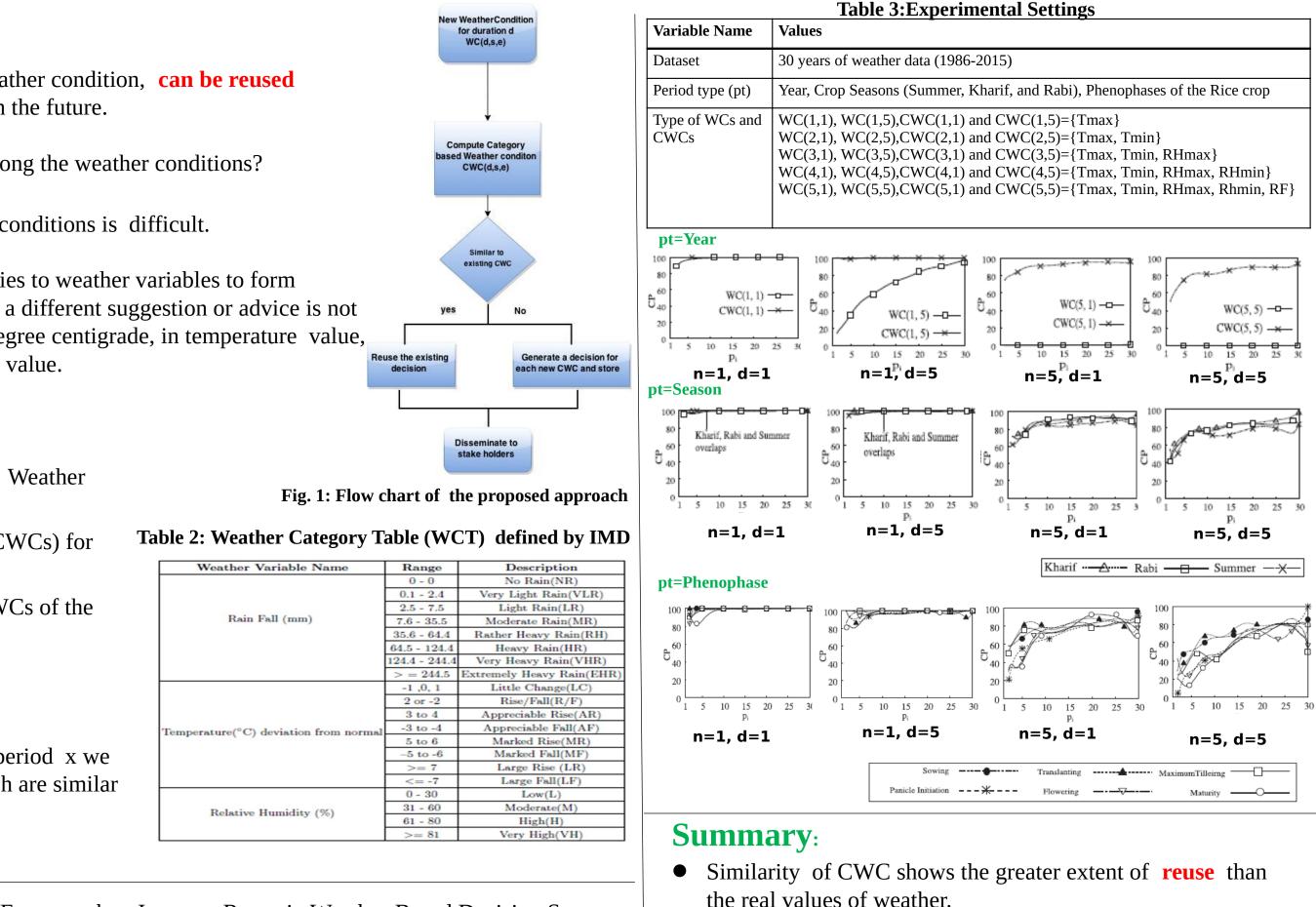
Publication: 1. Alugubelly Mamatha, Polepalli Krishna Reddy, Mittapally Kumara Swamy, G. Sreenivas, D. Raji Reddy: A Framework to Improve Reuse in Weather-Based Decision Support Systems. BDA 2014: 1-13. 2. Alugubelly Mamatha, Polepalli Krishna Reddy, Gade Sreenivas, Seishi Ninomiya: Analysis of similar weather conditions to improve reuse in weather-based decision support systems. Comput. Electron. Agric. 157: 154-165 (2019).

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• For 30 years period, results show that in season-based approach 80% of reuse is obtained in 15 years.

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